



The Legend

An English-language magazine for news, sports and entertainment. Independently written by the students at St. George's College for your reading pleasure.

If you're interested in writing for *The Legend*, email Profe Tomás Gallegos at tgallego@saintgeorge.cl or visit him in room 517. All are welcome!

Santiago Atlético

Valentina López 11^ºB and Rocio Vergara 11^ºC

On November 7th, 8th, and 9th the Santiago Atlético, a national sports competition took place. The competition was first celebrated in 1934 and officially called the "Campeonato Interescolar Mixto, Mario Correa Letelier" after the name of the president of the club, Mario Correa Letelier, but most people know it simply as the Santiago Atlético. As usual, the event happened at the National Stadium, and many teachers, family, and friends supported the numerous Georgian athletes who participated. Through the five stages (which spanned from Friday to Sunday), athletes competed in many events and the boys won third place overall, and the girls won third place overall.

Photos from:
<http://saintgeorgesportnews.weebly.com>



This year many athletes will graduate, so we want to wish them well and good luck to the younger athletes who will take their places next year. We hope this competition continues for many more years and continues to give the chance for athletes to show their abilities and make their schools proud.

Homeless World Cup 2014

Felipe Poblete 11°E
Santiago Geisse 11°E
Matias San Martín 11°E
Lorenzo Camparini 11°E

Last October the twelfth edition of the Homeless Football World Cup took place in Chile. A special court was built in the Plaza de la Ciudadanía in front of La Moneda in downtown Santiago. Fifty teams were a part of the tournament, mainly male teams but also there was a female's category. The champion this year was Chile, who achieved victory in both the male and female categories.

The original idea of the tournament was to make teams of homeless people from different countries, and through football to give them the motivation of overcoming homelessness and solve their problems. All previous tournaments have achieved their purpose. The players that participate changed from being socially excluded people, homeless and living in poverty, to people who are motivated to come up against their difficulties in healthy ways. The first tournament in Graz, Austria in 2003 was a huge success. Despite the competitive tension there was an atmosphere of camaraderie between the teams. Thanks to the support of the media, through the presence of many journalists and TV channels, the World Cup became a major media event. It has taken place every year in different countries around the world including France, Italy, Brazil, Australia, South Africa, Mexico and Chile, among others.



The rules of this sport are a little different from the ones of the normal football. There are five players per team including the goalkeeper. The match is divided in two halves, and each one of them is seven minutes long. A member of the team has to be in the other's team side at all times. The court has walls on the sides, and the ball can bounce on them. No one can enter to the penalty area but the goalkeeper, who also can't leave it.

The World Cup has three stages. The first one is the qualifying stage, where the countries play against other countries from their region. The second stage is where the winners of the qualifiers play against each other in a group stage. From the eight groups, and the winners of each one go on to the World Cup, which is the third and final stage.

This year in the male's category the winner was Chile. The team started its path to victory defeating Holland in quarterfinals. Then "La Roja" won a close game against Brazil in the semifinals (8-7), the same Brazil that defeated Chile in last year's version. Finally the national team faced Bosnia and Herzegovina to win the Championship by a score of 5-2. This was second World Cup that Chile won, after winning the 2013 edition in Mexico.

But the female team also won the Championship after beating Mexico in the final. Before that they had to win their matches against Wales in quarterfinals and Brazil in the semifinals. By doing this, Chile became the first country to win the tournament in both categories in the same year.

Let's just hope that the national team continues to have these great successes, and so the players can achieve their personal goals of overcoming their economic and social problems. Such good causes like this should be more common these days, hopefully this particular idea continues growing and more countries can be a part of it.

The Conflict

Tomislav Domitrovic 11^oA

Nicolás Godoy 11^oA

Vicente Dinamarca 11^oA

Clemente Echavarri 11^oB



The Israeli-Palestinian conflict is an ongoing clash of interests between the people of Palestine and Israelis. It began in the mid-20th century and is part of the wider Arabic-Israeli rivalry. It is considered as one of the most unmanageable conflicts in the world. The main remaining problems that are causing the struggle are: security issues, water and energy rights, control of the holy city of Jerusalem and mutual recognition. The state of Israel, the only country with a Jewish majority in the world, has been locked in this battle since its creation in 1948, and the fact that the same land is considered holy by Jews, Christians and Muslims isn't helping to calm the waters. 2014 has been a dramatic and violent year for the people of Israel and Palestine, we have been spectators of the destruction of cities and the loss of thousands of human lives.

The creation of the state of Israel in the years after the end of World War II was the pinnacle of the Zionist movement, which aimed to create a homeland for Jews after the atrocities of the Nazi Holocaust. The state of Israel was officially recognized with the UN's "Partition Plan" in 1948, and much of the area's history since then has revolved around the existing conflict. In the last 60 years, Israel has become a highly-developed country that has absorbed Jewish immigrants from Europe, Russia and the U.S, nonetheless, most of its political life has been dictated by the dispute with its Arab neighbors. Relations with Palestinians have been the most important factors of Israel's Security and Foreign Affairs policies.

After the Arab-Israeli Wars (1947-1948), Palestine was divided into three main regions; Israel, the Gaza Strip and West Bank. The Gaza Strip is a rectangle along the Mediterranean coast between Israel and Egypt, the majority of its residents are Palestinian refugees living in refugee camps in extreme poverty. After Hamas seized control of the area in 2007, Israel intensified its economic and military blockade of the Strip. In the past year we have seen that Israel has launched a considerable military attack on Gaza, allegedly to halt cross-border missile attacks from Hamas, causing the deaths of thousands of innocent people. Palestinians living in the West Bank and eastern Jerusalem have been living under Israeli occupation since 1967. Israel has built settlements that are home to nearly 500,000 people, settlements which are deemed to be illegal under international law. Many would argue that Israel is abusing of their military power by practically obliterating the Gaza Strip with Hi-Tech weaponry, Amnesty International has even gone as far as saying that Israel is committing crimes against humanity by targeting hospitals, ambulances and even schools. It would be deeply saddening to see the Zionists do to Palestinians much of what the Nazis did to the Jews, and we surely hope to never witness another mass genocide or racial cleansing program even similar to the Holocaust.

We can only hope that the people of Israel and Palestine will be able to overcome this conflict in the near future, the extreme violence that we are witnessing has to stop before the struggle expands and becomes more violent. We can't allow this situation to get out of hands, it's time to arrive to a peaceful resolution that can please both parties and save lives in the process. Instead of spreading hatred and mistrust, we should seek a common ground that can allow everyone to fully develop their lives without getting his/her rights forgotten. The issue here is complicated, neither the Jewish nor the Arabs are willing to compromise, and it has been the same way for over fifty years, but it's time to get over our differences before it's too late. It's time to end with the suffering of hundreds upon thousands of people and finally bring peace to the so called Holy Land.

Original article and photo can be retrieved from:

<http://israelpalestine2014.weebly.com>

A New Revelation in Football

“Team Narwal”

Benjamín Concha 11°D
Juan José Pascal 11°D
María Isidora Abalo 11°D
Joaquín Mardónez 11°D



When not on the field, “Team Narwal” wears their equally impressive suits and ties and are known to make appearances on the dance floor. Ladies watch out!

About two years ago a new football team was born. It was a team comprised of some of the most up and coming football players of the 9° D. What began as a few friends playing football after some time transformed into a real football team. The complete name of the club is “Narwal Tricolor.” Its mascot is a narwhal just because narwhals are awesome, and it is tri-colored, because of the Cassata tri-colored ice cream.

One of the things that represents the kind of football that Narwal plays is its style. You can recognize a Narwal player simply by watching him play. He will not only try to score, also he will do it in a fantastic way. If he can make a Chilena he will, if he is alone with the goal he will try to score with style instead of just kicking it in from afar. Right now the team is organizing the Narwal Cup, which currently has eight teams. Narwal has already reach the semifinals, and the next week is going to be playing a match against "Padre Fundador", a new team that is playing for the first time in the KFC League.

In other news, the team has just finished the new t-shirt, which has been recognized as one of the most beautiful football t-shirts of the KFC League, followed closely by the Panda's t-shirt. This semester the team had signed two new players; one is a new goalkeeper Benjamín “Concha,” who will replace the goalkeeper Sumando, and also a new defender, Diego Ramirez to backup the team preparing for the next season in the KFC League. The decision to sign these players was very controversial, but after some arguing the other teams from the league have consented. Good luck “Team Norwal,” may your season be as inspirational as the creature you are named after.

This month we are welcoming several new ChACE teachers who will be teaching at St. George's, San Nicolás Diacono, and San Esteban Diacono. We are excited to have you here and we are excited for the opportunity to get to know you. Several of our 10th graders have contributed a few words about what to see and do in Santiago.



Dear new ChACERs,

It's nice to have you here at St. George's. I have heard that you are interested in learning about Santiago and visiting interesting places. So, I would recommend that you go on a trekking expedition to "Cerro San Cristobal," you can get there by walking approximately 5 minutes from the start here at St. George's. If you like sports and nature you will love it. Also you can ride a bicycle and it's a lot of fun.

But if you like food, especially sandwiches, I would highly recommend you visit "Fuente Alemana," where you can get huge sandwiches for a great price.

As you can see, Santiago is a great city and has lots of great places to visit. If you need any more advice, just ask me.

See ya,

Stefano Disi 10^oE

Dear new ChACERs,

Welcome to the wonderful city of Santiago, Chile! In Chile we have plenty of colloquial vocabulary, we really speak a different kind of Spanish. To survive in these foreign lands, take care of your stuff when you are on the street and I suggest you go to "Emporio La Rosa," Barrio Lastarria, Fantasilandia, Persa Bio-Bio, Matucana 100 (for plays), Museo de la Memoria (to get to know a part of Chilean history) and **EAT SOPAPILLAS!!!** They are very, very good.

To go to these places you can use the metro, and the Moovit app (for iPhone and Android) if you have a phone available.

Hope you have a great time here!

Sofia Fernández 10^oD

Dear new ChACERs,

Welcome to Chile! You'll learn that the Spanish you know won't work here, we kind of have our own version of Spanish so stay strong, you'll learn!

There are beautiful places here to visit, for example Estación Mapocho, Barrio Lastarria, Persa Bio-Bio and many wonderful parks. It's easy to get to these places on foot or by using the subway or Transantiago. You need to **ALWAYS** have money to charge your bip card and you should visit "Emporio La Rosa" as often as possible. Also, there are street food stands which are delicious.

You should download the Moovit app so you don't get lost.

Hope you enjoy your stay,

Anto Ibacache 10^oC

In this edition we are proud to feature a wonderful poem from Constanza Montes from 6°E, an amazing illustrated report on a tyrannosaurus rex from Benjamín Escalona from 4°A.



The Moment

Constanza Montes 6°E

i love it.
that moment
when u forget everything
listening to that song
that makes u feel special,
and u realize you're alive,
u aren't alone,
and you have a favorite new song,
that speaks just to u.

But just as suddenly as it's there,
it's gone,
and you realize that you're alive, but
you're living with no reason,
that you aren't alone, but
you may be living in a world full of people
and you still feel alone,
and u listen to that song so much,
that u don't like it anymore.

And then is when you realize,
you want that moment back.



Tyrannosaurus Rex

Benjamín Escalona Montes 4°A

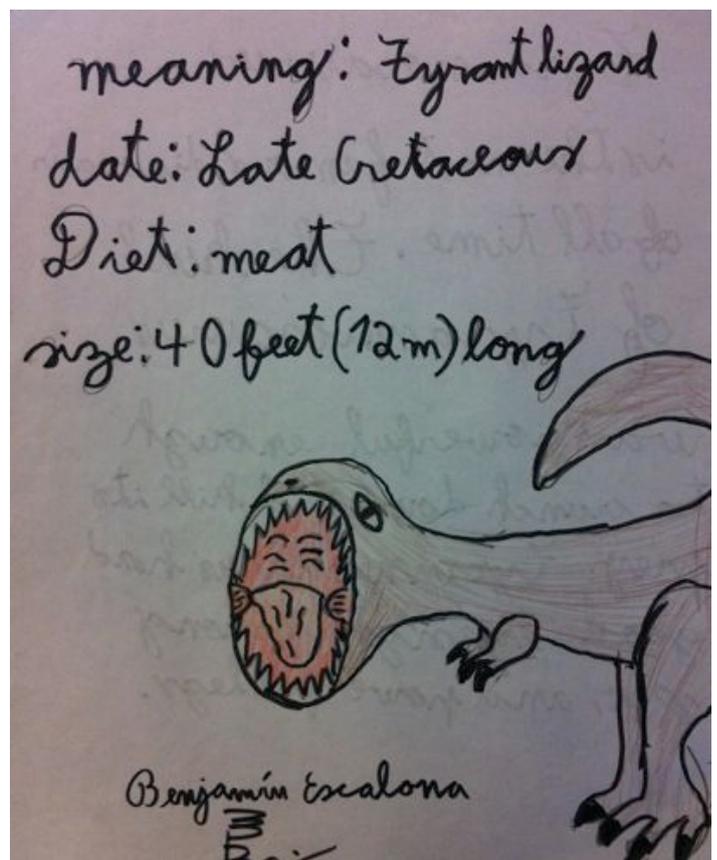
Tyrannosaurus rex is the most famous dinosaur of all time. The skull of the tyrannosaurus was powerful enough to crunch down and kill its prey. Tyrannosaurus had good eyesight, a strong jaw and powerful legs.

Meaning: *Tyrant lizard*

Date: *Late Cretaceous*

Diet: *Meat*

Size: *40 feet (12 meters) long*



This year as an English department we are emphasizing the role of Nelson Mandela as a model for his work in promoting peace and democracy. As part of their 9th grade assessment, they wrote an essay that defended their selection of Mandela as "Time" magazine's person of the year. These are two of our favorites.



Mr. Forgiver

Rodrigo José Baeza 9°C

Nelson Mandela went to prison for 27 years and when he got out he forgave the people who had imprisoned him. He tried to unite South Africa through football. He made all of these things possible with a phrase: "Everyone thinks it's impossible until they do it."

He went to prison on June 12, 1964. Mandela was in jail for 27 years on Robben Island, where his reputation grew steadily. In jail he was forced to do manual labor.

When he got out he forgave the people who had imprisoned him because the thing that South Africa needed to unite them was no differences. "No one is born hating another person because of the color of his skin, or his background, or his religion. People must learn to hate, and if they can learn to hate, they can be taught to love, for love comes more naturally to the human heart than its opposite." With these words, Mandela tried to unite South Africa.

He tried to unite South Africa through football and with rugby; he tried to make all of South Africa united behind one team. Mandela was one of the organizers of the World Cup in 2010. Some people say that Nelson should not be selected, but these people are wrong because what other people can unite a country alone?

In conclusion, Nelson Mandela went to prison, forgave the people who had imprisoned him and united South Africa through sports. Would you do the same for justice and freedom?

Illustration by:
Fernanda Paredes
5°D



Nelson Mandela's Time

Lucas Soler 9°A

In my opinion, Nelson Rolalalila Mandela should be in the Time Magazine Ranking of the world's most influential leaders of the 20th century because he's a person that made a change not only in his country, but also in humanity with his ideas and leadership. As I'm a big fan of Time Magazine, I would really like to see Mandela in the ranking because of the following reasons.

Nelson Mandela wanted to unite South Africa and make it a peaceful country. He became a leader of the Anti-Apartheid Movement and he also tried to follow non-violence.

Also, he wanted peace and reconciliation between whites and blacks. Even though he spent 27 years in jail, he did not want to punish white people. Furthermore, he wanted to live and work with them.

In addition, Mandela wanted more opportunities for black people, like life conditions and education. This was hard for Nelson Mandela but he did not quit.

There must be people who thought Mandela was bad or not the good person almost everybody knows he is. Maybe they may say some things like "Mandela was not a good leader because he wanted to kill white people." But they are not right because Mandela wanted black freedom and to unify South Africa, as well as to finish with white supremacy, sharing the leadership between whites and blacks.

To summarize, in my opinion Mandela should be in the most influential leaders of the 20th century ranking of Time Magazine because he ended discrimination in South Africa and unified the nation. For these reasons Mandela is a role model for all great leaders.

What is Dancing?

Macarena Fanjul 11°

Dancing is art, it is where you move your body to express yourself, to be you, and to feel free to enjoy yourself.

Since pre-history man has had the need of expressing his body, with movements that could represent either feelings or symbols, and by that time, people used to only dance in important events (for instance in a funeral or the birth of a child).

Nowadays, society has lost the habit of dancing, or at least giving dancing a meaningful value. Also, sometimes people are scared of trying something new. So at the end of the day, most of them don't have a space where they can truly express themselves. From street dance, to ballet or even tap, you can find many different opportunities to relax or just let go.

Besides being a fun activity, dancing has its benefits:

- It improves your self-esteem
- It strengthens your arms and legs
- It helps you develop flexibility, agility and balance
- It develops your creativity
- It increases your energy level
- It decreases your possibility of developing Alzheimer's
- It reduces your stress.

Whether you try waltz, belly dancing, tango, ballet, tap, or even hip-hop/street, it will open a whole world of possibilities for you. Just try it out!

http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/3/38/Two_dancers.jpg



This year first grade has been learning to read with Floppy Phonics. Claudia Bustamante and Carolyn Leary have been assessing each student's fluency each bimester to track their progress in fluency, accuracy, and reading comprehension. Our goal for all students to be fluent English readers! Here is what some of the students have to say about it:

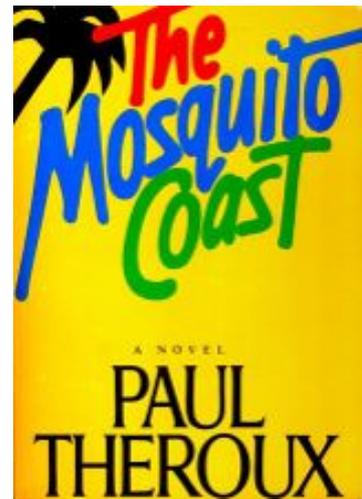
First Grade Loves to Read

Lucas Poblete, Carlos Yaconi, and Francisca Vaccaro 1°B

It was fun to read the books. We read three books with Miss Carolyn. Each time we got much better! Now we can read faster and it is more fun. We are so happy to read! Reading is our favorite!

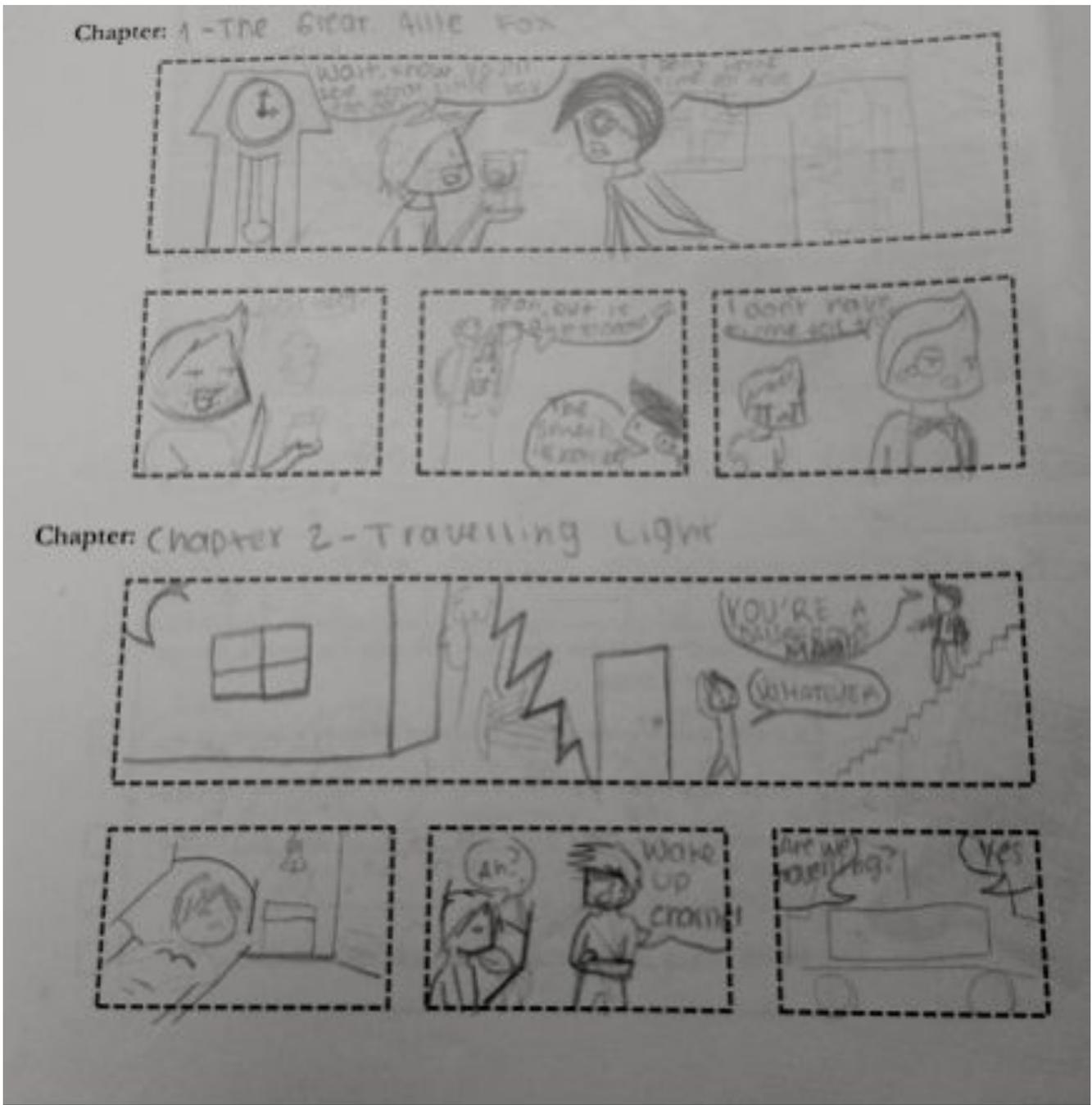


As part of a 7th grade unit, students were asked to complete comic strips to represent the books they read. For each chapter they had to summarize the plot, describe the characters, and select key vocabulary in their dialogue. We were amazed with the results and have chosen a few chapters of from Teresa Muñoz for this issue.



Mosquito Coast

Teresa Muñoz 7^oA



Chapter: 3 - Free at last!



Chapter: 4 - Far from home



We hope you have a safe and relaxing summer and we look forward to seeing you next March. Make sure you read and write in English over your break, we would love for you to write material for the next Legend.